

# Drugs, Alcohol

and

# HIV/AIDS

## A Consumer Guide



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES  
Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration  
Center for Substance Abuse Treatment  
[www.samhsa.gov](http://www.samhsa.gov)

# Drugs & Alcohol

## What do drugs and alcohol have to do with HIV?

Drug and alcohol use can lead to risky behavior that can increase your exposure to HIV/AIDS. For example, using or sharing needles or other drug materials, like rinse water or cotton, increases your chances of becoming infected with HIV.

## What if I already have HIV?

There are different types of HIV, called strains. Even if you already have one strain, using drugs puts you at risk for being infected with a different one. If you are pregnant, you could even infect your unborn baby.

## What if I can't stop using drugs or alcohol?

Don't be afraid or ashamed to ask for help. Call the Drug and Alcohol Treatment Hotline (1-800-662-HELP [4357]) for help in getting treatment. It can be your first step toward recovery.

If you decide to get drug or alcohol treatment in addition to HIV treatment, let your current doctor know. He or she can work with your drug or alcohol treatment provider to make sure the two types of treatment work together.

### ***Did you know?***

- **Drug abuse behavior plays the single largest role in the spread of HIV infection in the United States today.**

Source: National Institute on Drug Abuse, March 2005.

# HIV/AIDS



***Half of all new HIV infections  
now occur among injection  
drug users (IDUs).\****



## **What if I can't handle all of this alone?**

Don't worry, you don't have to. Listed on the back of this brochure are hotlines and Web sites that can help you find good health care, the treatment you need, and even a place to live if you need one. Call the toll-free number or visit the Web site of your choice today. It could positively change your whole life.

\* National Institute on Drug Abuse, 2003

# You are not alone. Help is available.

## Call These Toll-Free 24-Hour Phone Numbers

### **Drug and Alcohol Treatment Hotline**

Linea Directa (agencia) para Tratamiento de las Drogas y el Alcohol  
1-800-662-HELP (4357)

### **National AIDS Hotline**

1-800-342-AIDS (2437)

### **Linea Directa (agencia) Nacional del SIDA**

1-800-344-SIDA (7432)

### **Gay Men's Health Crisis Hotline**

1-800-AIDS-NYC (243-7692)

### **Homeless Assistance Hotline**

Linea Directa (agencia) de Ayuda al Indigente  
1-800-HUD (483)-1010

## Or Visit These Web Sites

Substance Abuse Treatment Facility Locator  
**[www.findtreatment.samhsa.gov](http://www.findtreatment.samhsa.gov)**

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention  
**[www.cdc.gov/hiv/dhap.htm](http://www.cdc.gov/hiv/dhap.htm)**

AIDSinfo

**[www.aidsinfo.nih.gov](http://www.aidsinfo.nih.gov)**

Office of National AIDS Policy

**[www.whitehouse.gov/onap/aids.html](http://www.whitehouse.gov/onap/aids.html)**

American Foundation for AIDS Research

**[www.amfar.org](http://www.amfar.org)**

Or check the box below to see if a treatment center near you has listed its address and/or phone number.

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This brochure was created to accompany the publication *Substance Abuse Treatment for Persons With HIV/AIDS*, #37 in CSAT's Treatment Improvement Protocol (TIP) Series. The TIP series and its affiliated products are available for free from SAMHSA's National Clearinghouse for Alcohol and Drug Information (NCADI). Call 1-800-729-6686 or 1-800-487-4889 TDD (for the hearing impaired), or visit [www.csat.samhsa.gov](http://www.csat.samhsa.gov).